

General Assembly

Raised Bill No. 6588

January Session, 2001

LCO No. 3191

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

Introduced by: (JUD)

AN ACT CONCERNING JUDGES AND MAGISTRATES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- Section 1. Subsection (f) of section 46b-231 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:
- 3 (f) The Family Support Magistrate Division shall include [nine]
- 4 <u>thirteen</u> family support magistrates who shall be appointed by the
- 5 Governor to serve in that capacity for a term of three years. A family
- 6 support magistrate may be reappointed upon completion of his term
- 7 of office by the Governor. To be eligible for appointment, a family
- 8 support magistrate must have engaged in the practice of law for five
- 9 years prior to his appointment and shall be experienced in the field of
- 10 family law. He shall devote full time to his duties as a family support
- 11 magistrate and shall not engage in the private practice of law. A family
- 12 support magistrate may be removed from office by the Governor for
- 13 cause.
- 14 Sec. 2. Section 51-47b of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 15 following is substituted in lieu thereof:

- 16 (a) Each senior judge who has been designated and assigned by the 17 Chief Justice or the Chief Court Administrator to perform judicial 18 duties as a senior judge pursuant to the provisions of this section, 19 sections 51-50, 51-50c to 51-50e, inclusive, 51-50i to 51-50k, inclusive, 20 51-165, 51-198, 52-434a and 52-434b shall receive during the period he 21 shall perform the judicial duties, in addition to his retirement salary, 22 the compensation provided by law for a state referee for each day he 23 so performs either judicial duties or duties as a referee or both.
 - (b) In no event shall the total of a retired judge's compensation, defined as retirement salary plus fees payable by the state for services as a senior judge or state referee for services rendered in any fiscal year, exceed the amount [equal to the highest salary on which his retirement salary is based during the fiscal year] of the annual salary payable pursuant to subsection (a) of section 51-47, as such salary may change from time to time.
- Sec. 3. Section 51-197c of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:
- 33 (a) The Appellate Court shall consist of nine judges, except as 34 provided in subsection (b) of this section, who shall also be judges of 35 the Superior Court, and who shall be appointed by the General 36 Assembly, upon nomination of the Governor for a term of eight years. 37 The judges shall sit in panels of three, or en banc, pursuant to rules 38 adopted by the Appellate Court. The Chief Justice shall designate one 39 of these judges as chief judge of the Appellate Court.
- 40 (b) If a judge of the Appellate Court (1) is appointed the Chief Court 41 Administrator, or (2) at the time of the effective date of this section, is 42 serving as the Chief Court Administrator, the Appellate Court shall 43 consist of ten judges for the remainder of said judge's current term on 44 the Appellate Court, or until his or her retirement from full-time active 45 service, whichever occurs first. The tenth judge shall also be a judge of 46 the Superior Court and shall be appointed by the General Assembly 47 upon nomination of the Governor for a term of eight years.

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- [(b)] (c) With the approval of the Chief Justice, the Chief Judge shall 48 49 (1) schedule such sessions as may be necessary, at such locations as the 50 facilitation of court business requires, (2) designate as many panels as 51 may be necessary, each consisting of three judges assigned by him, and 52 (3) designate a presiding judge for each panel on which he does not sit.
- 53 [(c)] (d) Every judge of the Superior Court shall, by virtue of his 54 appointment to the Superior Court, be qualified to serve as a judge on 55 the Appellate Court.
- 56 [(d)] (e) Each of the parties in any case shall have a right to be heard 57 by a full panel. The Chief Judge, with the approval of the Chief Justice, 58 may summon one or more of the judges of the Superior Court to 59 constitute a full panel.
- 60 [(e)] (f) The judges of the Appellate Court shall be released from 61 sitting on the Superior Court, except that the Chief Justice may assign 62 any such judge to sit on the Superior Court whenever in his judgment 63 the public business may require it.
- 64 (g) If the Chief Court Administrator is a judge of the Appellate 65 Court, said Chief Court Administrator shall be released from sitting on the Appellate Court, except that the Chief Justice may assign any such 66 67 judge to sit on the Appellate Court whenever, in the Chief Justice's 68 judgment, the public business may require it.
 - [(f)] (h) Each Chief Judge or judge of the Appellate Court who elects to retain his office but to retire from full-time active service shall continue to be a member of the Appellate Court during the remainder of his term of office and during the term of any reappointment under section 51-50i, until he attains the age of seventy years. He shall be entitled to participate in the meetings of the judges of the Appellate Court and to vote as a member thereof.
- 76 [(g)] (i) In each appeal to the Appellate Court, the party appealing 77 shall pay a record fee as prescribed in section 52-259, at such time as is

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- fixed by rule of court, which amount shall be taxed in favor of the appellant if judgment is finally rendered in his favor.
- Sec. 4. Section 51-198 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:
 - (a) The Supreme Court shall consist of one Chief Justice and six associate judges, except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, who shall, at the time of their appointment, also be appointed judges of the Superior Court.
 - (b) If an associate judge of the Supreme Court is appointed the Chief Court Administrator, the Supreme Court shall consist of one Chief Justice and seven associate judges for the remainder of said judge's current term as a judge of the Supreme Court, or until his or her retirement from full-time active service, whichever occurs first. The seventh associate judge shall be appointed by the General Assembly, upon nomination of the Governor for a term of eight years.
 - [(b)] (c) In addition thereto, each Chief Justice or associate judge of the Supreme Court who elects to retain his office but to retire from full-time active service shall continue to be a member of the Supreme Court during the remainder of his term of office and during the term of any reappointment under section 51-50i, until he attains the age of seventy years. He shall be entitled to participate in the meetings of the judges of the Supreme Court and to vote as a member thereof.
 - [(c)] (d) A judge of the Supreme Court who has attained the age of seventy years may continue to deliberate and participate in all matters concerning the disposition of any case which the judge heard prior to attaining said age, until such time as the decision in any such case is officially released. The judge may also participate in the deliberation of a motion for reconsideration in such case if such motion is filed within ten days of the official release of such decision.
- Sec. 5. This act shall take effect from its passage, except that sections

JUD Joint Favorable C/R

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